

10.5

p. 713-715 (9-33) odd

base mult by  $\frac{2}{3}$   
 $\frac{2}{3} \cdot 24 = 16$

compare area  $216 \cdot \frac{2}{3} = 144$

The area is multiplied by  $\frac{2}{3}$

11.

radius mult by  $\frac{3}{5}$

$C = \pi d = 10\pi$   
 $A = \pi r^2 = \pi(5)^2 = 25\pi$

$C = 6\pi$   
 $A = 9\pi$

$10\pi \cdot \frac{3}{5} = 6\pi$   
 $25\pi \cdot \left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^2 = 25\pi \cdot \frac{9}{25} = 9\pi$

Circumference is mult by  $\frac{3}{5}$   
 Area is mult by  $\left(\frac{3}{5}\right)^2$  or  $\frac{9}{25}$

13.

$A = 25$

triple

$A = 3(25) = 75$

$A = 75$   
 $\Delta^2 = 75$   
 $\sqrt{\Delta^2} = \sqrt{75}$   
 $\Delta = 5\sqrt{3}$

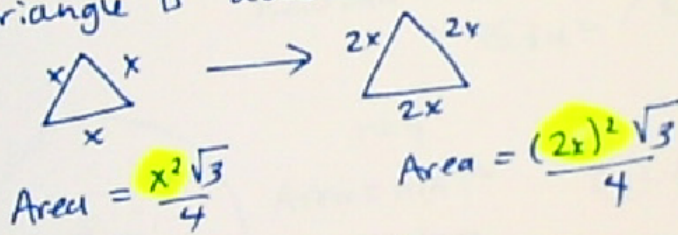
5 changes into  $5\sqrt{3}$   
 side length is multiplied by  $\sqrt{3}$

15. If both diagonals are multiplied by 8, then the area increases by  $8 \cdot 8$  or  $\boxed{64}$

17. If the base is mult. by 4 and height by 7, then the area increases by  $7 \cdot 4 = \boxed{28}$

(19) If diagonal of a square is divided by 4 or mult by  $\frac{1}{4}$ , then the other diagonal is also, using  $\frac{d_1 \cdot d_2}{2}$  shows new area is  $\frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{4}$  or  $\frac{1}{16}$  of the original

(21) If perimeter of an equilateral triangle is doubled



Area increases mult. by  $2^2$  or  $4$

by mult. by 2

(3)  $\frac{1 \text{ mi}}{10 \text{ miles}} = \frac{12.5 \text{ mi}^2}{1} \cdot \frac{(10 \text{ miles})^2}{(1 \text{ mi})^2} \cdot \frac{(640 \text{ acres})}{(1 \text{ mile})^2}$  *watch out!*

$\frac{1 \text{ mile}}{640 \text{ acres}}$

$12.5 (10) (640) = 800,000 \text{ acres}$

(25)  $A = \frac{1}{2}bh$   
 $= \frac{1}{2}(4)(5) = 10$

(a) new x-coord mult by 3  
 $A = \frac{1}{2}bh$   
 $= \frac{1}{2}(12)(5) = 30$  **mult by 3**

(b) new y-coord mult by 3  
 $A = \frac{1}{2}bh$   
 $= \frac{1}{2}(4)(15) = 30$  **mult by 3**

(c) both mult by 3  
 $A = \frac{1}{2}(12)(15) = 90$  **mult by 9**

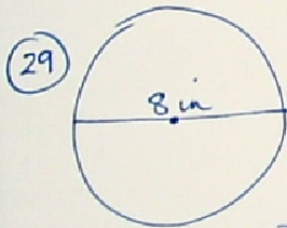
(27) Use same results

Original area =  $17u^2$

(a) mult x-coord by 3  
new area =  $51u^2$  mult by 3

(b) mult y-coord by 3  
new area =  $51u^2$  mult by 3

(c) both mult by 3  
new area =  $17 \cdot 3 \cdot 3$   
 $= 153u^2$  mult by 9



$r = 4$   
Area =  $\pi(4)^2$   
 $= 16\pi$

(a) twice area =  $2(16\pi)$

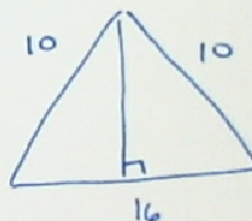
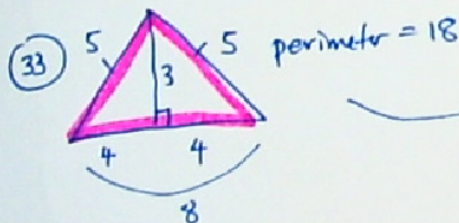
$\pi r^2 = 32\pi$   
 $\sqrt{r^2} = \sqrt{16 \cdot 2}$   
 $d = 8\sqrt{2}$  in

(b) Area =  $\frac{1}{2}(16\pi)$   
 $= 8\pi$

$\pi r^2 = 8\pi$   
 $r^2 = 8$   $r = 2\sqrt{2}$   
 $d = 4\sqrt{2}$  in

(31)  $A = \pi r^2$   $\rightarrow$   $A = 4\pi r^2$   
 $= \pi(2r)^2$

radius is doubled so is the diameter G



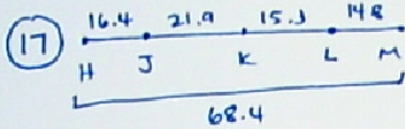
perimeter is doubled so 36

10.6

p.722-724

(19, 23, 25, 27, 29, 31, 35, 37, 39, 41, 45, 47)

17

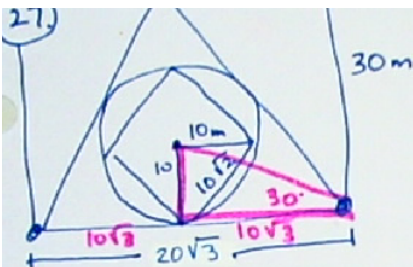


(17) not on LM  $\frac{16.4 + 21.9 + 15.3}{68.4} = \frac{53.6}{68.4} \approx .78$

(19) not on JK or LM  $\frac{16.4 + 15.3}{68.4} = \frac{31.7}{68.4} \approx .46$

(23) red  $\rightarrow \frac{180^\circ}{360^\circ} = \frac{1}{2}$

(25) not on green  $\rightarrow \frac{180 + 45 + 45}{360} = \frac{270}{360} = \frac{3}{4}$



Area of rect =  $(20\sqrt{3}) \times 30 = 600\sqrt{3}$

Area of equil  $\Delta = \frac{a^2}{2} = \frac{10(60\sqrt{3})}{2} = 300\sqrt{3}$

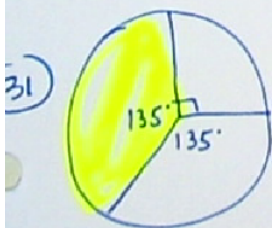
Area of square =  $\frac{d_1 \cdot d_2}{2} = \frac{20(20)}{2} = 200$

Area of  $\odot = \pi(10)^2 = 100\pi$

(27)  $\frac{300\sqrt{3}}{600\sqrt{3}} = \frac{1}{2} = .5$



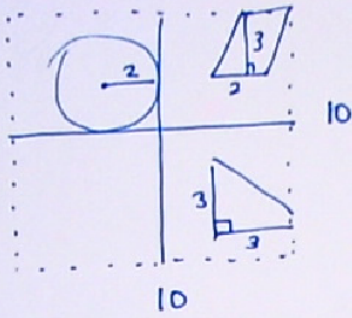
(29)  $\frac{\odot - \text{square}}{\text{rect}} = \frac{314 - 200}{1039.2} \approx .11$



land on yellow  $\frac{135^\circ}{360} = \frac{3}{8}$  ← correct

so A. is wrong

35



$$\text{35) } \frac{\text{circle}}{100} = \frac{\pi r^2}{100} = \frac{\pi(2)^2}{100} \approx \boxed{.13}$$

$$\text{37) } \frac{100 - \text{circle} - \triangle - \square}{100} = \frac{100 - 4\pi - \frac{3 \cdot 3}{2} - 3 \cdot 2}{100}$$

$$= \frac{100 - 4\pi - 4.5 - 6}{100} = \frac{76.9}{100} \approx \boxed{.77}$$

$$\text{39) } \frac{AC}{AE} \text{ or } \frac{BD}{AE} \text{ or } \frac{CE}{AE}$$

$$\text{41) } \frac{\text{green} + \text{blue}}{\text{entire rectangle}} \text{ or } \frac{\text{yellow} + \text{red}}{\text{entire rectangle}}$$

$$\text{45) } \frac{2(1.5)}{3.5(4)} = \frac{3}{21} \approx \boxed{.14} \text{ A}$$